

Article Print o Versio	date:	374246 20.01.2023 3.3	Special Lacquer Revision date: 20.1 Issue date: 20.11.2		GB Page 1 / 13	Seit 1892
SEC	TION 1: Ide	entification of the	substance/mixtu	re and of the compar	ny/undertaking	
1.1.	product id	entifiers				
		(manufacturer/suppl e/designation	lier)	374246 Special Lacquer UFI: 7UHA-JVVC-820V	/-PQDS	
1.2.	Relevant id	dentified uses of th	e substance or mix	ture and uses advised a	against	
		<b>dentified uses:</b> aint, Varnish).				
		sed against: for products which o	come into contact wit	h the food stuffs.		
1.3.	Details of t	he supplier of the	safety data sheet			
	Heinrich Kö An der Ros	<b>rer/supplier</b> onig GmbH & Co. K0 enhelle 5 lerdorfelden	3	Telephone: +49 (0)610 Telefax: +49 (0)6101 5 E-mail: Info@heinrich-k Website: www.heinrich-	360 11 koenig.de	
	-	nt responsible for in	nformation:			
	Laboratory Only availa	ble during office hou	ırs:	Telephone: +49 (0)610 Mon - Thurs 08:00 to 10 Friday 08:00 - 12:30		
	E-mail (con	npetent person)		SDB@heinrich-koenig.	de	
1.4.	Emergency	y telephone numbe	r			
	Emergency	telephone number		Emergency CONTACT GmbH +49 (0)6132-844		BK

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Aerosol 1 / H222 Aerosol 1 / H229 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H336 Aerosol Aerosol Serious eye damage/eye irritation STOT-single exposure

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms



Danger

## Hazard statements

nazaru statements	
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## **Precautionary statements**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

## Hazard components for labelling

n-butyl acetate

## Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



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EUH211

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

## 2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

Description	Aerosol	
<b>Classification ac</b>	cording to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	
EC No.	REACH No.	
CAS No.	Designation	weight-%
Index No.	classification // Remark	
204-065-8	01-2119472128-37-xxxx	
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	50 < 100
603-019-00-8	Flam. Gas 1 H220 / liquefied gas H280	
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29-xxxx	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 < 25
607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	
201-159-0	01-2119457290-43-xxxx	
78-93-3	butanone	5 < 7
606-002-00-3	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	
203-561-1	01-2119537214-46-xxxx	
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	3 < 5
607-024-00-6	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	
905-588-0	01-2119488216-32-xxxx	
1330-20-7	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3 < 5
	Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2	
	H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam.	
	Liq. 3 H226	
	Specific concentration limit (SCL): STOT RE 2 H373 >= 10	
203-603-9	01-2119475791-29-xxxx	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 < 2,5
607-195-00-7	STOT SE 3 H336 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
236-675-5	01-2119489379-17-xxxx	
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with	1 < 2,5
022-006-00-2	aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm]	
	Carc. 2 H351	

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

## In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

## Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

## After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

## **Following ingestion**

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.



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## 4.2. **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## 4.3. **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media strong water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

## Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

## **Further information**

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

## Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

## Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access



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only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values:

not determined

## DNEL:

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7 DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 700 mg/kg dimethyl ether Index No. 603-019-00-8 / EC No. 204-065-8 / CAS No. 115-10-6 DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1894 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 471 mg/m<sup>3</sup> isopropyl acetate Index No. 607-024-00-6 / EC No. 203-561-1 / CAS No. 108-21-4 DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 43 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 850 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 420 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 420 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 26 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 26 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 510 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Consumer: 252 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 252 mg/m<sup>3</sup> butanone Index No. 606-002-00-3 / EC No. 201-159-0 / CAS No. 78-93-3 DNEL long-term dermal (systemic). Workers: 1161 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 31 mg/kg DNEL acute dermal, short-term (local), Consumer: 412 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 206 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 106 mg/m<sup>3</sup> n-butvl acetate Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4 DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 11 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 7 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic). Workers: 48 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL short-term oral (acute), Consumer: 2 mg/kg DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 2 mg/kg DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Consumer: 6 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 3,4 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (local), Consumer: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local). Consumer: 35.7 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 12 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene EC No. 905-588-0 / CAS No. 1330-20-7 DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 180 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>



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	DNEL sho DNEL lon DNEL act DNEL lon	ort-term oral (acute) g-term dermal (system ute inhalative (system g-term inhalative (lo	ystemic), Workers: 77 mg/m <sup>2</sup> Consumer: 1,6 mg/kg emic), Consumer: 108 mg/kg mic), Consumer: 174 mg/m <sup>3</sup> cal), Consumer: 174 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ystemic), Consumer: 14,8 mg	)		
	PNEC:					
	Index No. ( PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC se PNEC se PNEC se		1 mg/Ľ lease: 0,61 mg/L 1000 mg/kg r: 100 mg/kg		/namic diameter ≤	10 µm]
	PNEC aq PNEC se PNEC, sc		0,681 mg/kg	-10-6		
	PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC se		0,022 mg/L lease: 1,1 mg/L 1,25 mg/kg	-21-4		
	PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC se PNEC se PNEC se	506-002-00-3 / EC N uatic, freshwater: 55 uatic, marine water: uatic, intermittent re diment, freshwater: 1 diment, marine wate bil: 22,5 mg/kg wage treatment plar	55,8 mg/L lease: 55,8 mg/L 284,7 mg/kg r: 284,7 mg/kg	)3-3		
	n-butyl ace Index No. 6 PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC se PNEC se	tate	lo. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123 18 mg/L 0,018 mg/L lease: 0,36 mg/L 0,981 mg/kg	-86-4		
	Reaction m EC No. 909 PNEC aq PNEC aq PNEC se PNEC se PNEC, sc	hass of ethylbenzene 5-588-0 / CAS No. 1 uatic, freshwater: 0, uatic, marine water: diment, freshwater: diment, marine wate bil: 2,31 mg/kg wage treatment plar	330-20-7 327 mg/L 0,327 mg/L 12,46 mg/kg ır: 12,46 mg/kg			
8.2.	Exposure	controls	can be achieved with local o	r room suction. If th	is should not be su	ufficient to keep as

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

**Respiratory protection** 



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If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

#### Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm ; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

## Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

## Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

#### **Protective measures**

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

## **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1.	Information on basic physical and chemical p Physical state: Colour:	properties Liquid refer to label
	Odour:	characteristic
	Odour threshold:	not determined
	Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
	Initial boiling point and boiling range:	<b>-24 °C</b> Method: calculated. Source: dimethyl ether
	Flammability:	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	Lower and upper explosion limit: Lower explosion limit: Upper explosion limit:	<b>2,28 Vol-%</b> Method: calculated. <b>26,2 Vol-%</b> Method: calculated. Source: dimethyl ether
	Flash point:	-41 °C Method: calculated.
	Auto-ignition temperature:	<b>226 °C</b> Method: calculated. Source: dimethyl ether
	Decomposition temperature:	not determined
	pH at 20 °C:	not applicable
	Cinematic viscosity (40°C):	< 20 mm²/s
	Viscosity at 20 °C:	<b>40 s 3 mm</b> Method: DIN 53211
	Solubility(ies): Water solubility at 20 °C:	insoluble
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	see section 12
	Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	<b>4262,479 mbar</b> Method: calculated.
	Density and/or relative density: Density at 20 °C:	0,81 g/cm³



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				Method: calculated.		
	Relative	vapour density:		not determined		
		haracteristics:		not applicable		
9.2.	Other inf	ormation				*
	Solid cor	itent:		13,99 weight-%		
	solvent c Organic Water:	ontent: solvents:		86 weight-% 0 weight-%		
SEC	<b>TION 10:</b>	Stability and rea	ctivity			
10.1.	Reactivit	<b>y</b> ation available.				
10.2.	Chemical Stable wh section 7.	ien applying the rec	ommended regulation	ons for storage and ha	ndling. Further informa	tion on correct storage: refer to
10.3.		ty of hazardous rea		strong oxidizing agents	to avoid exothermic re	actions.
10.4.		n <b>s to avoid</b> s decomposition by	products may form	with exposure to high te	emperatures.	
10.5.	Incompation Incompation	ti <b>ble materials</b> able				
10.6.	Hazardou	Is decomposition   s decomposition by trogen oxides.		with exposure to high	temperatures, e.g.: car	bon dioxide, carbon monoxide
SEC	<b>TION 11:</b>	Toxicological inf	ormation			
11.1.	Informati	on on hazard class	ses as defined in R	egulation (EC) No 127	72/2008	*
	Acute to	cicity				
	oral, LD dermal,	y-1-methylethyl ace 50, Rat: 8532 mg/kg LD50, Rabbit: > 500	) )0 mg/kg			
			e classification criter			
	oral, LD: Method: dermal,	50, Rat: > 5000 mg/ OECD 425 LD50, Rabbit: > 500	′kg	or more of particles with /L (4 h)	r aerodynamic diamete	r ≤ το μmj
	dimethyl e	ether	at: > 20000 ppmV			
	Method: dermal, inhalativ	50, Rat: 9800 mg/kg OECD 401 LD50, Rabbit: 1740 e (vapours), LC50,	-			
	Method: dermal, Method: inhalativ					
	n-butyl ac oral, LD					

Method: OECD 423



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dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 14112 mg/kg Method: OECD 402 inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 23,4 mg/L (4 h) Method: OECD 403 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene oral, LD50, Rat 3523 - 400 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 12126 mg/kg inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 29000 mg/L (4 h) Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex B.2 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

## Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eve irritation.

isopropyl acetate eves

Method: OECD 405 Causes serious eye irritation.

butanone eyes, Rabbit Method: OECD 405 Causes serious eye irritation.

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Skin (4 h)

Irritating to skin.; Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).; Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane result in irritation symptoms such as redness, blistering, dermatitis, etc.

eyes

Causes serious eye irritation.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

## STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness Evaluation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. dimethyl ether

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness Evaluation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. literature value

isopropyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

butanone

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

n-butyl acetate

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), drowsiness May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Irritation

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Aspiration hazard

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

## **Overall assessment on CMR properties**

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

## Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

## 12.1. Toxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 134 mg/L 0 - 180 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203 Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 500 mg/L (48 h) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm] Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): > 1000 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea); > 100 mg/L (48 h) Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 16 mg/L (72 h) Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Activated sludge: > 100000 mg/L (28 D) isopropyl acetate Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 720 mg/L (96 h) Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 370 mg/L (72 h) Daphnia toxicity, LC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 1000 (48 d) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. butanone Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 2990 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203 Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 308 mg/L (48 h) Method: OECD 202 Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1972 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201 Bacteria toxicity, EC0, Pseudomonas putida: 1150 mg/L (16 h) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. n-butyl acetate Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 18 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203 Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 44 mg/L (48 h) Method: OECD 202 Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus.: 397 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 2,6 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203 Daphnia toxicity, LC50:, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 1 mg/L (24 h)



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	Algae to Method: Bacteria Method:	OECD 201 toxicity, NOEC, Ac OECD 301F	astrum capricornutum: 2,2 mg/L (73 h) ctivated sludge: 16 mg/L (28 d) ne classification criteria are not met.		
		m Ecotoxicity			
	Reaction Fish toxi Daphnia	mass of ethylbenze icity, NOEC, Oncor toxicity, NOEC, Ce	ene and xylene hynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 1,3 mg eriodaphnia spec: 1,17 mg/L (7 D) ie classification criteria are not met.	g/L (56 D)	
12.2.	Persister	nce and degradabi	llity		
	Biodegra	y-1-methylethyl ace adation: 100 % (8 biodegradable (acc			
	0	adation: 76 % (20	D) cording to OECD criteria).		
		adation: 98 % (28 biodegradable (acc	d) cording to OECD criteria).		
	Method:	adation, aerobic: 83 OECD 301D	3 % (28 D) cording to OECD criteria).		
	Biodegra Method:	mass of ethylbenze adation: 90 % (28 OECD 301F biodegradable (acc			
12.3.	-	nulative potential			
	2-methox Partition	y-1-methylethyl ace coefficient: n-octai Log KOW			
		ether coefficient: n-octai Log KOW	nol/water: 0,7		
	isopropyl Partition butanone	acetate coefficient: n-octa	nol/water: 1,18		
		coefficient: n-octai	nol/water: 0,3		
		etate coefficient: n-octal OECD 117	nol/water: 2,3		
	Partition Method:	Log KOW	ene and xylene nol/water: 3,12 - 3,2 ter partition coefficient accumulation in or	ganisms is not expected.	
		entration factor (B		-	
	Bioconc	mass of ethylbenze entration factor (BC ation of bioaccumu	CF), Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout	t): 25,9	
	-	ical data are not av			
12.5.		of PBT and vPvB a			
	The subst	tances in the mixtu	re do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria acco	ording to REACH, annex XIII	l.



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	rine disrupting prop rmation available.	perties		
	adverse effects rmation available.			

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

## Appropriate disposal / Product

#### Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

## List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

150110\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances \*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

#### Appropriate disposal / Package

#### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number UN 1950 14.2. UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable Land transport (ADR/RID): Sea transport (IMDG): **AEROSOLS** Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR): Aerosols, flammable 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 2.1 14.4. Packing group not determined 14.5. Environmental hazards Land transport (ADR/RID) not determined Marine pollutant not determined 14.6. Special precautions for user Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage. Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8 **Further information** Land transport (ADR/RID) D Tunnel restriction code Sea transport (IMDG) EmS-No. F-D. S-U 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU legislation Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive] VOC-value (in g/L): 683

National regulations

**Restrictions of occupation** 



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Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

## REACH candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for the approval process.

According to the available data and / or according to the information provided by the suppliers, the product does not contain any substance that is eligible for inclusion in Annex XIV (list of substances subject to authorization) in accordance with Article 57 in conjunction with Article 59 of REACH.

# Regulation (EC) 1907/2006. material in question applies.Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV (list of substances subject to authorization)

According to the available data and / or according to the information provided by the suppliers, the product does not contain any substance that is considered to be a substance that requires authorization according to REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 Annex XIV.

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No.	Designation	REACH No.
CAS No.		
204-065-8	dimethyl ether	01-2119472128-37-xxxx
115-10-6		
204-658-1	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29-xxxx
123-86-4		
201-159-0	butanone	01-2119457290-43-xxxx
78-93-3		
203-561-1	isopropyl acetate	01-2119537214-46-xxxx
108-21-4		
905-588-0	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	01-2119488216-32-xxxx
1330-20-7		
203-603-9	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	01-2119475791-29-xxxx
108-65-6		
236-675-5	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles	01-2119489379-17-xxxx
13463-67-7	with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]	

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of classification i	n section 3	
Flam. Gas 1 / H220	flammable gases	Extremely flammable gas.
liquefied gas / H280	Gases under pressure	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Tox. 4 / H312	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4 / H332	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
STOT SE 3 / H335	STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT RE 2 / H373	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Carc. 2 / H351	Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
Classification procedure		
Classification for mixtures a	nd used evaluation method according to reg	gulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
Aerosol 1	Aerosol	On basis of test data.
Aerosol 1	Aerosol	On basis of test data.
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method.
STOT SE 3	STOT-single exposure	Calculation method.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

	····
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit Value
BLV	Biological Limit Value



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CAS	(	Chemical Abstracts Service		
CLP	(	Classification, Labelling and Packaging		
CMR	(	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic		
DIN	(	German Institute for Standardization / Ger	man industrial standard	
DNEL	Ε	Derived No-Effect Level		
EAKV	E	European Waste Catalogue Directive		
EC	E	Effective Concentration		
EC	E	European Community		
EN		European Standard		
IATA-DGR		International Air Transport Association – D		
IBC Code		International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk		
ICAO-TI		International Civil Aviation Organization T Goods by Air	Fechnical Instructions for the Sa	afe Transport of Dangerous
IMDG Code	e l	International Maritime Code for Dangerous	Goods	
ISO	I	International Organization for Standardizat	ion	
LC	L	Lethal Concentration		
LD	L	Lethal Dose		
MARPOL		Maritime Pollution: The International Conve		tion from Ships
OECD		Organisation for Economic Cooperation ar	nd Development	
PBT		persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic		
PNEC	F	Predicted No Effect Concentration		
REACH		Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and		
RID		Regulations concerning the International C	arriage of Dangerous Goods by	Rail
UN	-	United Nations		
VOC		Volatile Organic Compounds		
vPvB	N	very persistent and very bioaccumulative		

## **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.

You can also find current SDSs for our standard products online on our homepage under **Downloads** in the relevant product area.

\* Data changed compared with the previous version