PREMIUM Window Pen Article No.: 243X46 Print date: 08.11.2022 Revision date: 07.11.2022 GB Version: Issue date: 07.11.2022 Page 1 / 13 4.3 SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking product identifiers 1.1. 243X46 Article No. (manufacturer/supplier) Trade name/designation **PREMIUM Window Pen** Art.no. 243246, 243546 all colours, all gloss values UFI: 9EHA-1VEC-R20E-D0GF 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Relevant identified uses:** Coating (Paint, Varnish). Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact with the food stuffs. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/supplier Heinrich König GmbH & Co. KG An der Rosenhelle 5 Telephone: +49 (0)6101 5360 0 61138 Niederdorfelden Telefax: +49 (0)6101 5360 11 E-mail: Info@heinrich-koenig.de Germany Website: www.heinrich-koenig.de Department responsible for information: Laboratory Telephone: +49 (0)6101 5360 71 Mon - Thurs 08:00 to 16:00 Only available during office hours: Friday 08:00 - 12:30 E-mail (competent person) SDB@heinrich-koenig.de 1.4. **Emergency telephone number** Emergency telephone number Emergency CONTACT (24-Hour-Number): GBK GmbH +49 (0)6132-84463 **SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 STOT SE 3 / H336

Flammable liquids STOT-single exposure Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 2.2. Label elements

H225

H336

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms

(!)

Danger

### Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Precautionary statements**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use foam to extinguish.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### Hazard components for labelling

1-methoxy-2-propanol

### Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
- 2.3. Other hazards





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No information available.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Description	Acrylic resin lacquer	
Classification ad	cording to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	
EC No. CAS No. Index No.	REACH No. Designation classification // Remark	weight-%
203-539-1	01-2119457435-35-xxxx	
107-98-2 603-064-00-3	1-methoxy-2-propanol Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336	20 < 25
204-658-1 123-86-4 607-025-00-1	01-2119485493-29-xxxx n-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	10 < 20
203-603-9 108-65-6 607-195-00-7	01-2119475791-29-xxxx 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate STOT SE 3 H336 / Flam. Lig. 3 H226	7 < 10
201-159-0 78-93-3 606-002-00-3	01-2119457290-43-xxxx butanone Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	5 < 7
236-675-5 13463-67-7 022-006-00-2	01-2119489379-17-xxxx titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter $\leq$ 10 µm] Carc. 2 H351	3 < 5
905-588-0 1330-20-7	01-2119488216-32-xxxx Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2	2,5 < 3
	H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Specific concentration limit (SCL): STOT RE 2 H373 >= 10	

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### **General information**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

### In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

#### Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

### After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

### **Following ingestion**

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.



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# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media:

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

### Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

### **Further information**

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

# Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

### Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.



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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values:

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Index No. 603-064-00-3 / EC No. 203-539-1 / CAS No. 107-98-2

TWA: 375 mg/m3; 100 ppm

STEL: 560 mg/m3; 150 ppm

n-butyl acetate

Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4

TWA: 724 mg/m3; 150 ppm STEL: 966 mg/m3; 200 ppm

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6

TWA: 274 mg/m3; 50 ppm STEL: 548 mg/m3; 100 ppm

butanone

Index No. 606-002-00-3 / EC No. 201-159-0 / CAS No. 78-93-3

TWA: 600 mg/m3; 200 ppm STEL: 899 mg/m3; 300 ppm

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene EC No. 905-588-0 / CAS No. 1330-20-7

TWA: 220 mg/m3; 50 ppm STEL: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm

### Additional information

TWA : Long-term occupational exposure limit value STEL : short-term occupational exposure limit value Ceiling : peak limitation

# DNEL:

titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] Index No. 022-006-00-2 / EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7 DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 700 mg/kg 1-methoxy-2-propanol Index No. 603-064-00-3 / EC No. 203-539-1 / CAS No. 107-98-2 DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 183 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 553,5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 553,5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 369 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 33 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 78 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 43,9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> butanone Index No. 606-002-00-3 / EC No. 201-159-0 / CAS No. 78-93-3 DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 1161 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 31 mg/kg DNEL acute dermal, short-term (local), Consumer: 412 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 206 mg/kg DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 106 mg/m<sup>3</sup> n-butyl acetate Index No. 607-025-00-1 / EC No. 204-658-1 / CAS No. 123-86-4 DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic), Workers: 11 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 7 mg/kg DNEL acute inhalative (local), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

DNEL acute inhalative (systemic), Workers: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>







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PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,327 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,327 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 12,46 mg/kg PNEC, soil: 2,31 mg/kg PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 6,58 mg/L

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

### Personal protection equipment

# **Respiratory protection**

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number. Suitable respiratory protection apparatus: A

### Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: PE/EVAL/PE

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm ; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

### Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

### Body protection

pH at 20 °C:

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

#### **Protective measures**

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

### Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Colour:	Liquid refer to label
Odour:	Preparations containing solvent
Odour threshold:	not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	<b>80 °C</b> Method: calculated. Source: butanone
Flammability:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Lower and upper explosion limit: Lower explosion limit:	<b>1,37 Vol-%</b> Method: calculated.
Upper explosion limit:	<b>13,7 Vol-%</b> Method: calculated. Source: 1-methoxy-2-propanol
Flash point:	<b>16 °C</b> Method: calculated.
Auto-ignition temperature:	not determined
Decomposition temperature:	not determined

not applicable

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4.3

Cinematic viscosity (40°C):

Water solubility at 20 °C:

Vapour pressure at 20 °C:

Relative vapour density:

particle characteristics:

Density and/or relative density:

Viscosity at 20 °C:

Density at 20 °C:

Other information

Solid content:

Water:

solvent content: **Organic solvents:** 

Solubility(ies):

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

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	> 20 mm²/s		
	<b>100 s 3 mm</b> Method: EN ISO 2431		
	partially soluble		
ol/water:	see section 12		
	<b>12,7024 mbar</b> Method: calculated.		
y:			
	<b>0,84 g/cm<sup>3</sup></b> Method: calculated.		
	not applicable not applicable		
	42,27 weight-%		

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

9.2.

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No information available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

58 weight-%

0 weight-%

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials not applicable

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute toxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate oral, LD50, Rat: 8532 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg Method: OECD 425 dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: > 6.8 mg/L (4 h) 1-methoxy-2-propanol oral, LD50, Rat: 4016 mg/kg dermal, LD50, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: > 25,8 mg/L (4 h) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. butanone



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Method: dermal, Method: inhalativ		00 mg/kg Rat: 34 mg/L (4 h)	at	
n-butyl ac oral, LD Method: dermal, Method: inhalativ Method: Based c Reaction oral, LD	cetate 50, Rat: 10760 mg/ : OECD 423 LD50, Rabbit: > 14 : OECD 402 /e (vapours), LC50, : OECD 403	112 mg/kg Rat: 23,4 mg/L (4 h) e classification criteria are not me ene and xylene D mg/kg		
Method		Rat: 29000 mg/L (4 h) lo. 440/2008, Annex B.2 o or if inhaled.		
Skin cor	rosion/irritation; S	erious eye damage/eye irritatio	n	
		n.		
Skin (4 Irritating (skin inf redness eyes	to skin.; Prolonged	l or repeated skin contact may ca ged or repeated contact with skir tis, etc.		
Respirat	ory or skin sensiti	sation		
Based or	available data, the	classification criteria are not met		
CMR effe	ects (carcinogenic	ity, mutagenicity and toxicity fo	or reproduction)	
Carcino		orm containing 1 % or more of pa er if inhaled.	rticles with aerodynamic diamete	r ≤ 10 µm]
•	•	OT-repeated exposure		
May caus	se drowsiness or dia	zziness.		
2-methox	y-1-methylethyl ace		Evaluation May cause drowsines	ss or dizziness.
Specific	y-2-propanol target organ toxicit use drowsiness or c	y (single exposure), drowsiness lizziness.		
		y (single exposure), drowsiness lizziness.		
		y (single exposure), drowsiness lizziness.		
Reaction Specific May cau	mass of ethylbenze	ene and xylene y (single exposure), Irritation tion.		

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# Aspiration hazard

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatique, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

### **Overall assessment on CMR properties**

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

# Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### 12.1. Toxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 134 ma/L 0 - 180 ma/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203 Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): > 500 mg/L (48 h) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm] Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): > 1000 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea); > 100 mg/L (48 h) Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 16 mg/L (72 h) Bacteria toxicity, NOEC, Activated sludge: > 100000 mg/L (28 D) 1-methoxy-2-propanol Fish toxicity, LC50, Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 6812 mg/L (96 h) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea) 21100 - 25900 mg/L (48 h) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg/L (168 h); Evaluation Inhibition of growth rate. Method: OECD 201 butanone Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 2990 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203 Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 308 mg/L (48 h) Method: OECD 202 Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1972 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201 Bacteria toxicity, EC0, Pseudomonas putida: 1150 mg/L (16 h) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. n-butyl acetate Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 18 mg/L (96 h) Method: OECD 203 Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 44 mg/L (48 h) Method: OECD 202 Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus.: 397 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 2,6 mg/L (96 h)



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	Method: OECD Algae toxicity, E Method: OECD Bacteria toxicity Method: OECD	r, LC50:, Dapł 202 C50, Selenas 201 , NOEC, Activ 301F	nnia magna (Big water flea): 1 mg/L strum capricornutum: 2,2 mg/L (73 f vated sludge: 16 mg/L (28 d) classification criteria are not met.	
	Long-term Ecoto			
	1-methoxy-2-prop Algae toxicity, E	oanol FrC50, Pseudo	okirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg classification criteria are not met.	g/L (168 h)
	Daphnia toxicity	DEC, Oncorhy , NOEC, Ceri	e and xylene nchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 1,3 odaphnia spec: 1,17 mg/L (7 D) classification criteria are not met.	mg/L (56 D)
12.2.	Persistence and	degradabilit	У	
:	2-methoxy-1-met Biodegradation: Readily biodegr	100 % (8 D		
	1-methoxy-2-prop Biodegradation: Method: OECD Readily biodegr	96 % (28 d) 301E	ding to OECD criteria).	
	butanone Biodegradation: Readily biodegr		ding to OECD criteria).	
	n-butyl acetate Biodegradation, Method: OECD Readily biodegr	301D	6 (28 D) ding to OECD criteria).	
	Reaction mass of Biodegradation: Method: OECD Readily biodegr	90 % (28 d) 301F		
12.3.	Bioaccumulative	e potential		
:	2-methoxy-1-met Partition coeffic Method: Log K	ient: n-octano		
	1-methoxy-2-prop Partition coeffic		l/water: 0,37	
	butanone Partition coeffic	ient: n-octano	I/water: 0,3	
	n-butyl acetate Partition coeffic Method: OECD		l/water: 2,3	
	Method: Log K	ient: n-octano OW	e and xylene l/water: 3,12 - 3,2 · partition coefficient accumulation in	organisms is not expecte
	Bioconcentratio			· ·
	Reaction mass of Bioconcentratio No indication of	n factor (BCF)	), Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow tr	out): 25,9
10.4	Mobility in soil		-	

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Toxicological data are not available.



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### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.

# 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

# Appropriate disposal / Product Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

### List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances \*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

# Appropriate disposal / Package

### Recommendation

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1.	UN number or ID number	
		UN 1263
14.2.	UN proper shipping name Land transport (ADR/RID): Sea transport (IMDG): Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR):	Paint PAINT Paint
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	
		3
14.4.	Packing group	
		ll
14.5.	Environmental hazards	
	Land transport (ADR/RID)	not determined
	Marine pollutant	not determined
14.6.	Special precautions for user	
	Transport always in closed, upright and safe con case of an accident or leakage. Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8	tainers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
	Further information	
	Land transport (ADR/RID)	
	Tunnel restriction code	D/E
	Sea transport (IMDG)	
	EmS-No.	F-E, S-E
14.7.	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO in	nstruments
	No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.	
SEC	TION 15: Regulatory information	

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# EU legislation

**Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]** Maximum VOC content of the product in a ready to use condition (in g/L): 637 **Directive 2004/42/EC on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds** 



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VOC product category: (Cat. B/e) ; VOC limit value: 840 g/l

Maximum VOC content of the product in a ready to use condition (in g/L): 637

# National regulations

# **Restrictions of occupation**

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

## Substance/product listed in the following inventories:

DSL listed

TSCA no information

### REACH candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for the approval process.

According to the available data and / or according to the information provided by the suppliers, the product does not contain any substance that is eligible for inclusion in Annex XIV (list of substances subject to authorization) in accordance with Article 57 in conjunction with Article 59 of REACH.

### Regulation (EC) 1907/2006. material in guestion applies. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV (list of substances subject to authorization)

According to the available data and / or according to the information provided by the suppliers, the product does not contain any substance that is considered to be a substance that requires authorization according to REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 Annex XIV.

### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

# For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	REACH No.
203-539-1 107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	01-2119457435-35-xxxx
204-658-1 123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	01-2119485493-29-xxxx
203-603-9 108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	01-2119475791-29-xxxx
201-159-0 78-93-3	butanone	01-2119457290-43-xxxx
236-675-5 13463-67-7	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter $\leq$ 10 µm]	01-2119489379-17-xxxx
905-588-0 1330-20-7	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	01-2119488216-32-xxxx

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of classification	in section 3	
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Carc. 2 / H351	Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer (state route of
		exposure if it is conclusively proven that no
		other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
Acute Tox. 4 / H312	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4 / H332	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
STOT SE 3 / H335	STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT RE 2 / H373	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (or state all
		organs affected, if known) through prolonged or
		repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it
		is conclusively proven that no other routes of
		51
App. Toy. 1 / H204	Appiration bazard	exposure cause the hazard).
Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Classification procedure		
Classification for mixtures a	and used evaluation method according to reg	gulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids	On basis of test data.
STOT SE 3	STOT-single exposure	Calculation method.
Abbroviations and corony		

### Abbreviations and acronyms



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Version: ADR OEL BLV CAS CLP CMR DIN DNEL EAKV EC EC EC EN IATA-DGR IBC Code ICAO-TI IMDG Code ISO LC LD MARPOL OECD PBT PNEC REACH	4.3 Europe Occupa Biologi Chemia Classif Carcino Germa Derived Europe Effectiv Europe Interna Interna Goods e Interna Lethal Lethal Maritim Organi persiste Predict Registr	Issue date: 07.11.2022 ean Agreement concerning the Internati ational Exposure Limit Value cal Limit Value cal Abstracts Service ication, Labelling and Packaging ogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic n Institute for Standardization / Germar d No-Effect Level ean Waste Catalogue Directive //e Concentration ean Community ean Standard tional Air Transport Association – Dang tional Code for the Construction and Editional Air Transport Association – Dang tional Code for the Construction and Editional Code for the Construction by Air tional Maritime Code for Dangerous Go tional Organization for Standardization Concentration Dose ne Pollution: The International Conventi sation for Economic Cooperation and E ent, bioaccumulative, toxic red No Effect Concentration ration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Ref	Page 13 / 13 ional Carriage of Dangerous n industrial standard gerous Goods Regulations quipment of Ships carrying I hnical Instructions for the S bods ion for the Prevention of Pol Development	Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk Safe Transport of Dangerous lution from Ships
RID UN VOC vPvB	United Volatile	itions concerning the International Carri Nations organic Compounds prsistent and very bioaccumulative	iage of Dangerous Goods b	y Rail

# **Further information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.

You can also find current SDSs for our standard products online on our homepage under **Downloads** in the relevant product area.